COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	Economic Sciences			
ACADEMIC UNIT	Department Accounting and Finance			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergraduate			
COURSE CODE	AF505	SEMESTER Fifth		
COURSE TITLE	Econometrics I			
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits			WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS
Lect	ures and laboratory exercises		3	5
	t			
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).				
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development PREREQUISITE COURSES:	Scientific fiel	d s and Statistics		
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://eclass.uowm.gr/courses/ACCFIN148/			
	(Note: students must register in the university's online platform, Eclass)			

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

This course aims to provide an empirical content on economic theories using the econometric software EViews.

Upon the completion of the course the students will be able to:

- Understand the methodology of econometric analysis and its usefulness in applied economics.
- Understand the concept of regression and its application in economic analysis.
- Understand the econometric problems arising in a regression model and propose solutions.
- Apply estimation techniques and tests of statistical hypotheses in a problem at hand.

• Evaluate the regression results and, if possible, provide economic policy recommendations.				
General Competences Taking into consideration the general competences that the Supplement and appear below), at which of the following do	degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma pes the course aim?			
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas	Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Others			
Autonomous work Production of new research ideas Decision-making Team work Promotion of free, creative and inductiv	ve thinking			

(3) SYLLABUS

1 Objective of Econometrics 1.1 The meaning of Econometrics 1.2 Aim of Econometrics 1.3 Econometric Analysis 1.4 How to solve an econometric model step by step 1.5 Categories of statistical data 1.6 Data sources 1.7 Data presentation

2. Simple Regression 2.1 Introduction 2.2 Determinative and stochastic relationships 2.3 Regression line of population 2.4 Ordinary Least Squares Method 2.5 Properties of Regression Line 2.6 Assumptions of simple linear regression model 2.7 Gauss-Markov Theorem 2.8 Regression without a constant 2.9 Statistical inference 2.10 Confidence interval of β 0 and β 1 parameter 2.11 Testing hypothesis of β 0 and β 1 parameter 2.12 F distribution testing. Analysis of variance 2.13 Coefficient of determination R2 2.14 Correlation coefficient 2.15 Forecasting simple regression model 2.16 Confidence interval for expected value E(Y) 2.17 Confidence interval for forecasting 2.18 Regression coefficient and elasticity 2.19 Exercises using EViews

3. Multiple Regression 3.1 Introduction 3.2 The linear regression model with three variables 3.3 Three variable model with matrices 3.4 k variable model with matrices 3.5 Basic assumptions of multiple linear model 3.6 Least squares method 3.7 Properties of β estimator 3.8 Gauss-Markov theorem 3.9 Confidence interval of multiple regression parameters 3.10 Testing statistical significance of

multiple linear regression model 3.11 Analysis of variance in multiple linear regression model 3.12 Coefficient of determination multiple R2 3.13 Relationship between F statistic and multiple R2 3.14 Partial correlation coefficients 3.15 Choosing between regression models 3.16 Testing linear relationships between regression coefficient 3.17 Exercises using EViews 4. Hypotheses violation of a model: Diagnostic Tests of Residuals 4.1 Normality 4.2 Autocorrelation 4.3 Heteroscedasticity

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face to face			
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Support the learning process using the Eclass online platform Laboratory education using econometric software EViews			
TEACHING METHODS The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Activity Lectures and Laboratory practice Individual and semi guided study	Semester workload 39 hours 111 hours		
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open- ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	Course total Mid term Exam 30% Final Exams (short answer choice questions, problem			

(5) SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

Δριτσάκη, Χ. και Μ. Δριτσάκη (2020) Εισαγωγή στην Οικονομετρία με τη χρήση του E- Views, Β΄ Έκδοση, Εκδόσεις Κλειδάριθμος, Αθήνα Βάμβουκας, Γ. (2007). Σύγχρονη Οικονομετρία: Ανάλυση και Εφαρμογές, Αθήνα, Οικονομικό Πανεπιστήμιο Αθηνών. Βενέτης, Ι. (2009) Εισαγωγικές διαλέξεις στην Οικονομετρία, Γκιούρδας Εκδοτική, Αθήνα Χρήστου, Κ. Γ. (2002). Εισαγωγή στην Οικονομετρία. Αθήνα. Gutenberg. Asteriou, D. and Hall, S. (2018) Εφαρμοσμένη Οικονομετρία, Εκδόσεις Προπομπός, Αθήνα Gujarati D. N. (2003). Basic Econometrics, New York, McGraw-Hill.

Dritsaki C., Dritsaki M. (2013). "Hysteresis in unemployment: an empirical research for three member states of the European Union", Theoretical and Applied Economics, Vol. XX, No. 4(581), pp. 35-46. (Impact Factor).

Dritsaki M., Dritsaki C. (2012). "A panel data approach to the demand for money in Bulgaria and Romania", Applied Economics Letters, Vol. 19. No. 8. pp. 705-710. (Impact Factor).

Dritsaki C. (2009). "Bulgaria – Romania: A nexus between European Union and Black Sea Region", Journal of World Economic Review. Vol. 4, No.1, pp. 1 – 5. 10.